Curriculum/Technology Committee

December 9, 2019

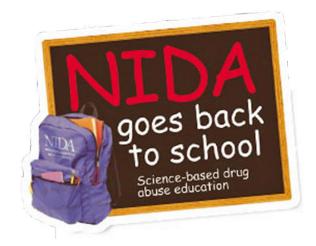
Welcome and updates

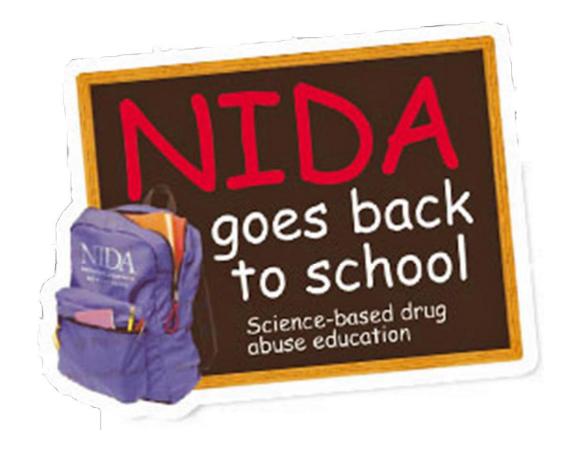
> Jennifer Farthing, Director of Curriculum



Brain Power!

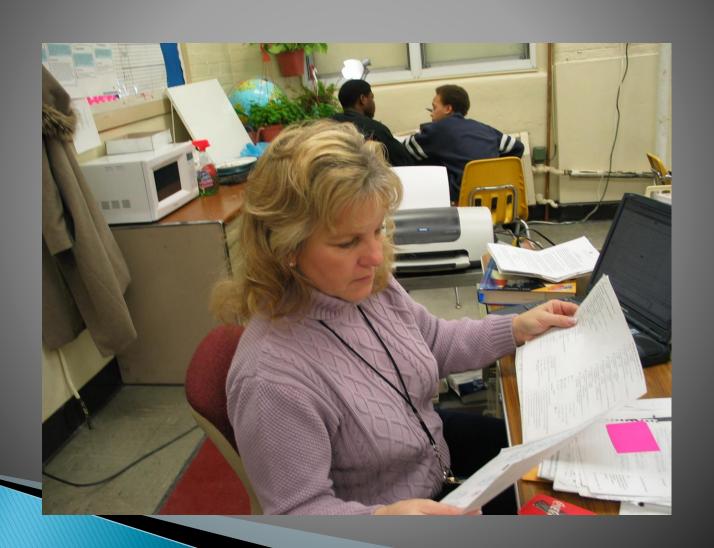
Nancy Pommerening, Executive Director, Drug Awareness and Prevention, Inc.



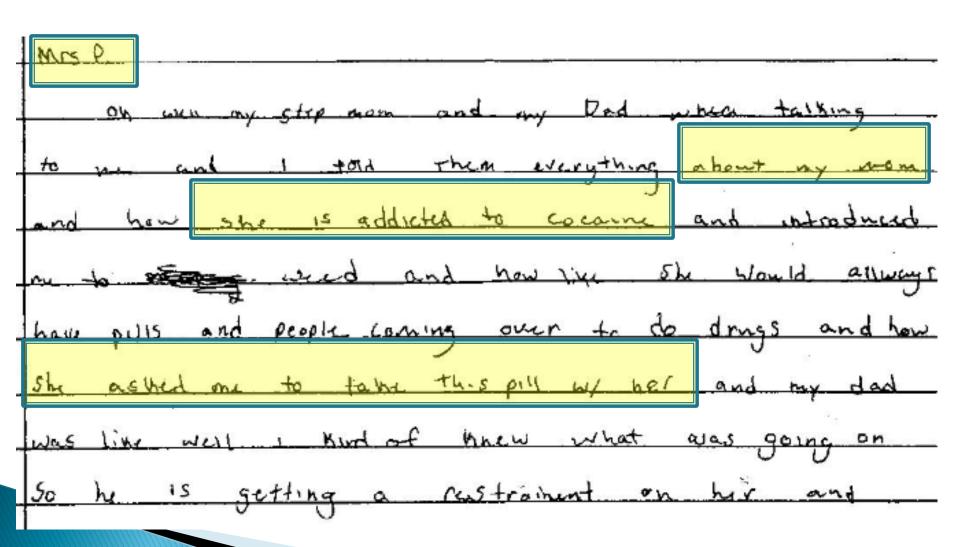


Classroom-based Prevention Education
Universal Population K-12
Ohio Schools

from Teacher ...



with a Student At-Risk...



...to a Prevention
Specialist
with a Mission:

Lessen the demand for illicit drugs through education and prevention strategies.





Who we are:

State Certified Prevention Agency 501 (C) (3) nonprofit Ohio-Certified Prevention Specialist (OCPS)

Drug and Alcohol Abuse in the United States

The United States contains only 5% of the world's population, but we account for about 60% of illegal drug consumption worldwide.

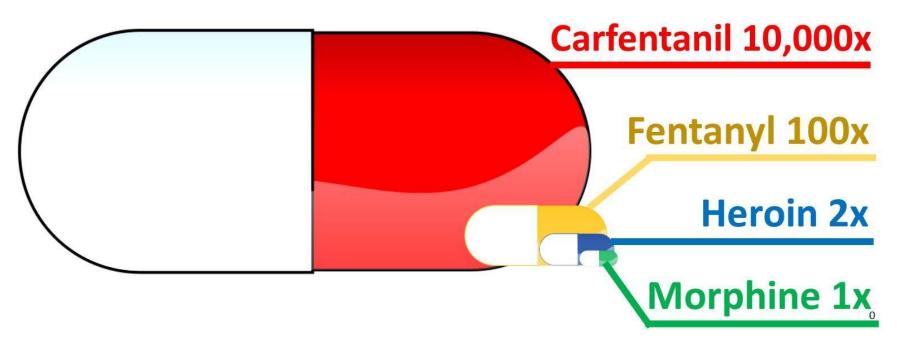


Opiate Crisis Pill for Every III

1990s Pain as the 5th Vital Sign



Opioid Potency Comparison



Carfentanil in Cuyahoga County:

191 FATAL CASES in 2017, 24 confirmed cases in 2018

34 confirmed in 2019 as of 7/1/19

2017 Ohio Costs



Opioid problem \$8.8 B*



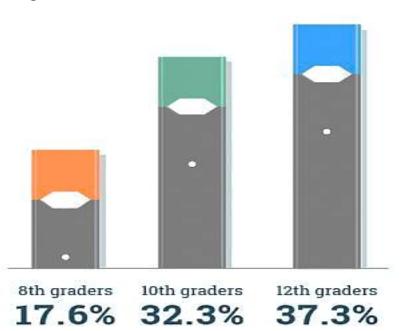
K-12 education **\$8.2 B**

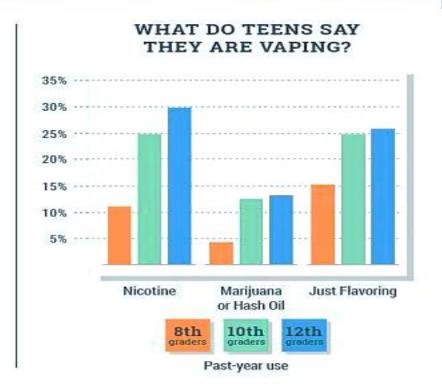
*Include treatment, prosecution, incarceration, lost productivity

Source: Ohio State University 2018

TEENS USING VAPING DEVICES IN RECORD NUMBERS

2017 PAST-YEAR VAPING



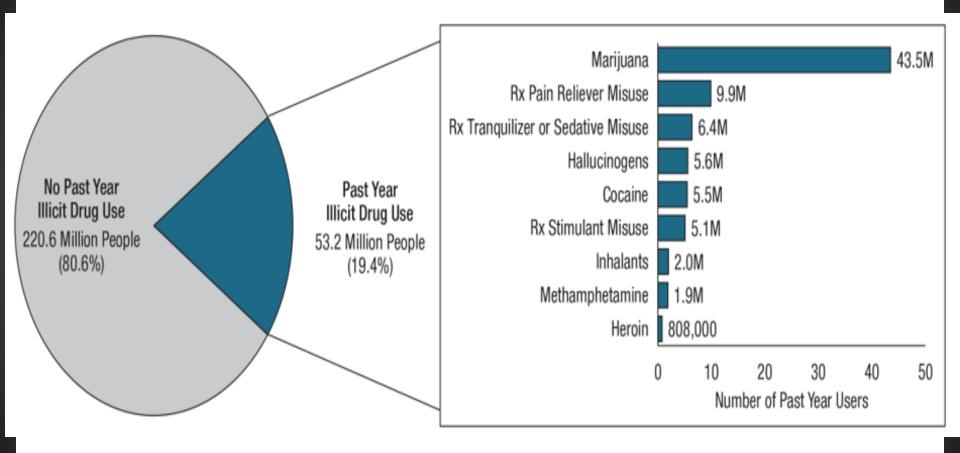


NEARLY 2 IN 5 STUDENTS IN 12TH GRADE REPORT PAST-YEAR VAPING, RAISING CONCERNS ABOUT THE IMPACT ON BRAIN HEALTH AND POTENTIAL FOR ADDICTION.





Past Year Illicit Drug Use among People Aged 12 or Older: 2018

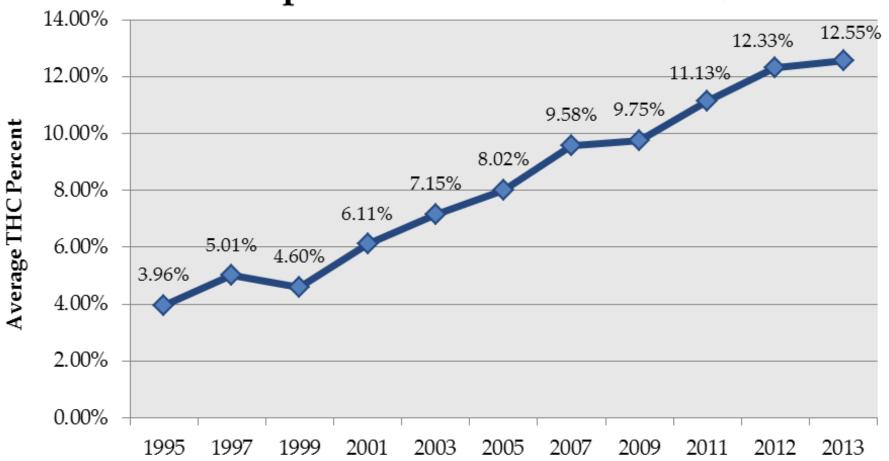


Rx = prescription.

Note: The estimated numbers of past year users of different illicit drugs are not mutually exclusive because people could have used more than one type of illicit drug in the past year.



Potency Monitoring Program- Average THC Percent DEA-Submitted Cannabis Samples 1995 - 2013 (National)



Research (NCM) at the University of Mississippi, under contract with the National Institute on Drug Abuse.

The 2015 average THC percent for Colorado marijuana is 17.1 percent.



What works in Prevention?



Key Strategies

- 1. Information Dissemination
- 2. Prevention Education
- 3. Alternative Strategies
- 4. Community-based Process
- 5. Problem I.D. and Referral
- 6. Environmental Strategies

PREVENTION EDUCATION

Preventing Drug Abuse in Adolescents and Young Adults



In School
If possible, school-based
prevention programs should be
integrated into the school's
academic program...*

*Preventing Drug Abuse among Children and Adolescents U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health

Brain Power

by the National Institute on Drug Abuse



Why Brain Power | The Brain?

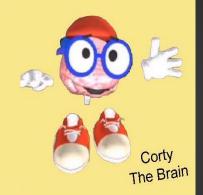
- 1. Sustainability
- 2. Cost Effective
- 3. Created by NIDA
- 4. Suggested program in 2017 Ohio Joint Study Committee on Drug Use Prevention Education



Brain Power Curriculum

Brain Power by the National Institute on Drug Abuse

An interactive school program for Grades K-12



- Science-based drug abuse prevention education
- Lessons on addiction and how drugs affect the body
- Classroom instruction based on the Theory of Reasoned Action
- Incorporates "Media Literacy," a promising practice for prevention

Aligns to National Science and Health Standards

Unifying Concepts and Processes		
Levels K-4	How Mission Is Aligned	
Systems, order, and organization	The mission explains the key concept that the brain is part of a larger system— the human body—and that both systems work together to make all human behavior possible.	
Standards for Science and Technology		
Levels How Mission is Aligned		
Characteristics of organisms	This mission introduces students to the concept that all organisms have basic needs. One need of humans is to have a brain to perform many key functions of living.	

Grades K-5 Program Concepts

K -1

2 - 3

4

	NIDA's Brain Power - Grade Levels K-1
Module	Concepts
1	Science as a human endeavor (Who scientists are, and what they do)
2	Meet the Scientists (Brain Scientists, and Introduction to Scientific Inquiry)
3	Your Amazing Brain (Parts of the brain, and Functions of each part)
4	Keeping Your Brain Healthy (Sleep, Physical Activity, and Eating)
5	Protecting Your Brain (Helpful medicines: antibiotics, aspirin –vs – Harmful Drugs: Alcohol, Nicotine)

NIDA's Brain Power - Grade Levels 2-3		
Module	Concepts	
1	Ooey Gooey! (Scientific Inquiry- Observe, Hypothesize, Experiment, and Conclude)	
2	Brain in a Box (Parts and Function of Brain: Cerebral Cortex, Cerebellum, Brain Stem, Limbic System)	
3	Sending & Receiving Messages (Neurotransmission, How messages travel, Brain + Nervous System)	
4	Medicines and Drugs (What's helpful: Aspirin, Tylenol, Antibiotics, Fluoride, Immunizations , and	
	What's harmful: Alcohol, Nicotine, Caffeine, Marijuana, Cocaine)	
5	The Science behind Smoking (Effects of tobacco on the body)	
6	How Drugs Affect the Brain (Cocaine, Marijuana, Alcohol, Nicotine)	

	NIDA's Brain Power - Grade Levels 4-5
Module	Concepts
1	Drugs in Society (Legal & illegal, drugs in the media, why drugs are such a problem for society)
2	Your Amazing Brain (Parts & Function of Brain, and their part in larger system-the human body)
3	Neurotransmission (Neurons, Receptors- difficult concept, looking for basic understanding)
4	Stimulants: Nicotine, Caffeine, Cocaine, Amphetamine (Effects on brain, nervous system and body)
5	Alcohol, Marijuana and Inhalants (Effects on the brain, nervous system and body)
6	What is addiction? Compulsive Use, Tolerance, Withdrawal (Addiction & drug abuse in U.S. society)

Grades 6-8 Program Concepts

NIDA's Brain Power - Grade Levels 6-9	
Module	Concepts
1	The Brain & Nervous System (Brain parts & function, Neurotransmission)
2	Legal Doesn't Mean Harmless (Nicotine & Alcohol –Negative effects on human body, why it's illegal
	for children and teens)
3	Drugs in the Cupboard (Prescription Drugs, Inhalants- effects of abuse)
4	Weeding Out the Grass (Dispel the myth that marijuana is harmless, effects on young brains)
5	Drugs on the Street (Heroin and cocaine – short and long term effects, including addiction)
6	Drugs in the News (Steroids, Meth, GHB, Rohypnol, ketamine, MDMA- effects on the brain, body;
	effects on individuals and society)

Grades 9-12 Program Concepts

NIDA's The Brain - Grade Levels 9-12		
Lesson	Concepts	
1	What Does the Brain Do? (PET scans, Parts and Function, Drugs and the Brain's Reward System)	
2	Neurons, Chemistry and Neurotransmission	
3	Drugs Alter Neurotransmission (The way neurons communicate)	
4	Drug Abuse and Addiction (Drug Abuse is voluntary. Addiction is Compulsive.)	
5	Drug Addiction is a Disease (A chronic, treatable disease)	

Drug Awareness and Prevention Inc. 2011

CLASSROOM-BASED PREVENTION EDUCATION Effective programs are:

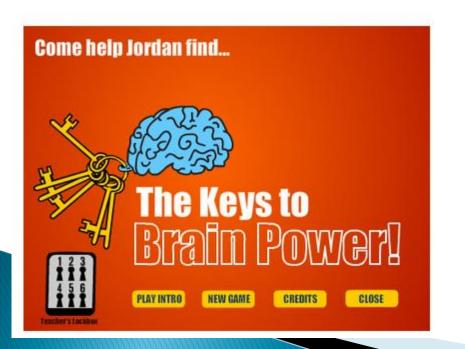
- Age appropriate
- Occur at every stage of development
- □ Continuous, K-12
- Science-based
- Theory of Reasoned Action

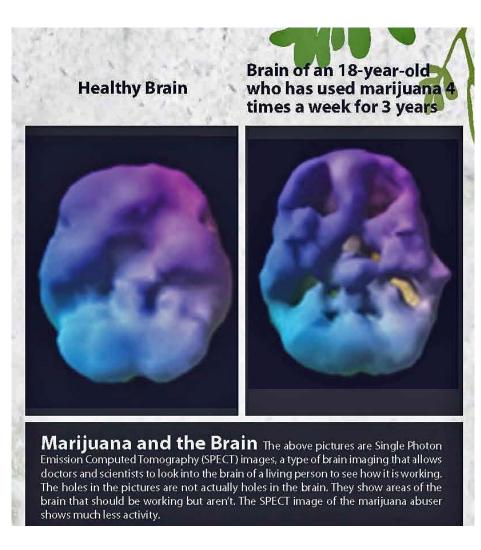


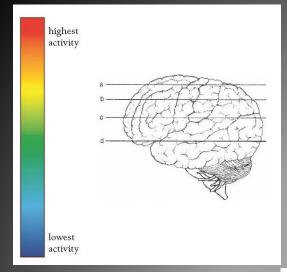
Grade 2 "Brains in a Box"

Grades 6-8 Key Features

- DVD Game "Room"
- Parent Newsletter
- "Student Magazine"





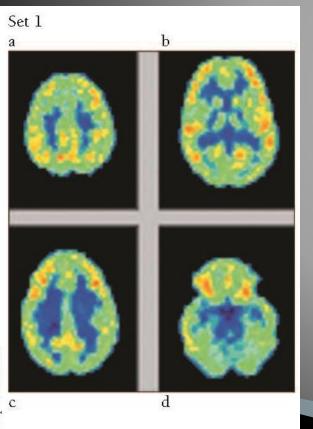


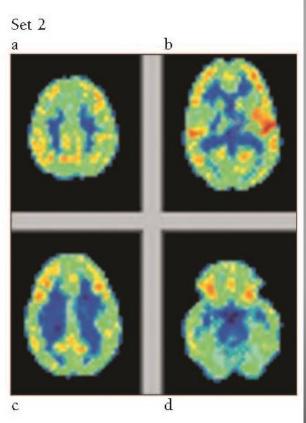
Grades 9-12

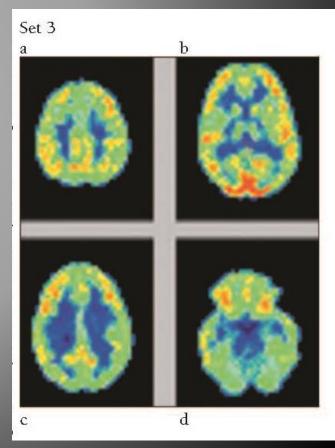
Master 1.1

Positron Emission Tomography (PET) Images

Each set of PET images below contains four images of a human brain. The four images show cross-sections taken at different levels of the brain.







Lessons online



National Institute on Drug Abuse for Teens Advancing Addiction Science

Have a drug problem need help?

Teens

Teachers Parents Drugs & Health Blog National Drug & Alcohol Facts Week®

Teachers / Lesson Plans / E-Cigarettes: A Dangerous Trend

Lesson Plans

E-Cigarettes: A Dangerous Trend

PRINT 🖴

Created by:

Scholastic and the National Institute on Drug Abuse

Teens now use e-cigarettes more than any other nicotine-containing product. In this lesson, students gain a scientific understanding of the known hazards and potential risks of electronic cigarettes, which contain the same addictive nicotine found in cigarettes. Includes an adapted version for grades 4-6 reading level.

What's In the Lesson Plan:

- · Student article
- · Student work sheet
- Vocabulary lists
- · Writing prompts
- Reading suggestions

Grade Level(s):

6-12

Time / Duration:

1 class period

Materials:

Printer/copier for student handouts

Alignment with National Standards:

- Common Core State Standards
- Next Generation Science Standards Practices
- National Science Education Standards

See All Lessons



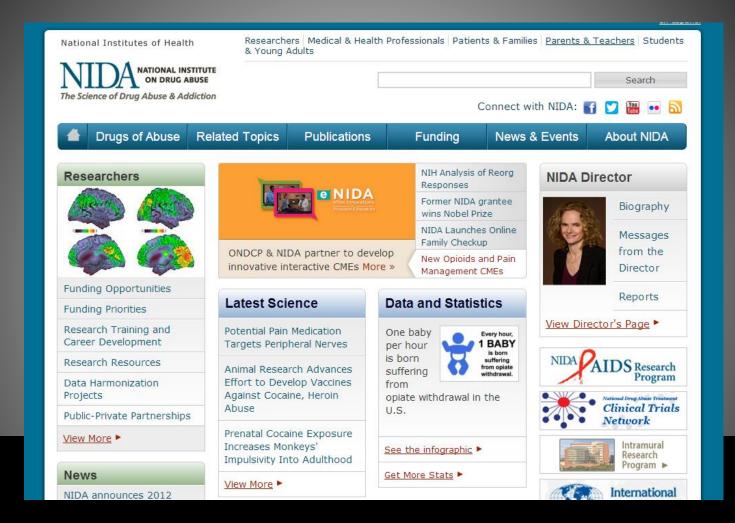
Teacher's Guide and **Student Worksheet**

View ☑ Download ☑

Student Article

View ☑ Download ☑

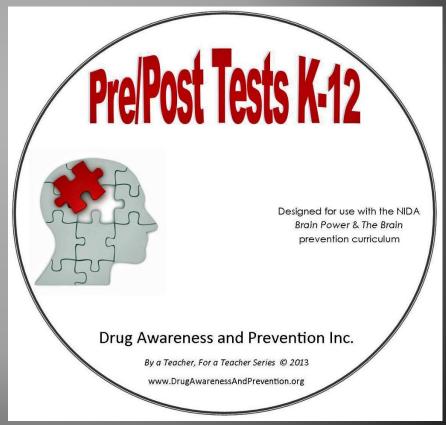
and Extras



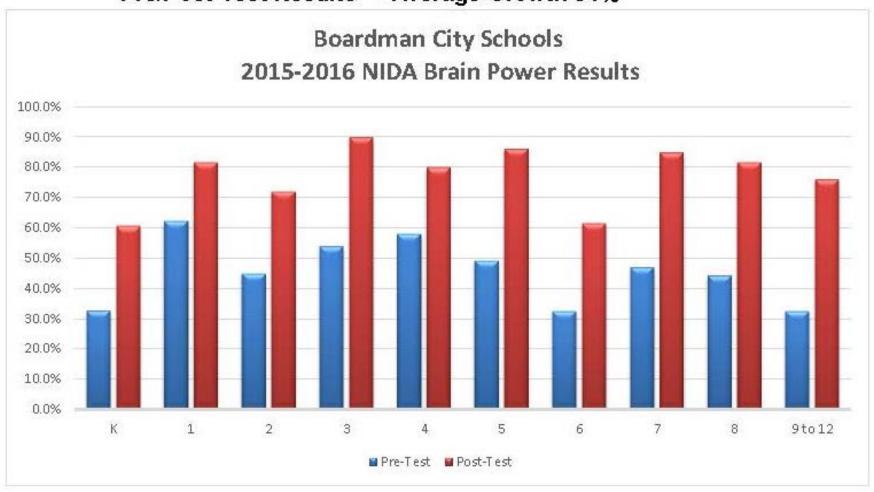
http://www.drugabuse.gov

PROGRAM TIME NEEDS & EVALUATION

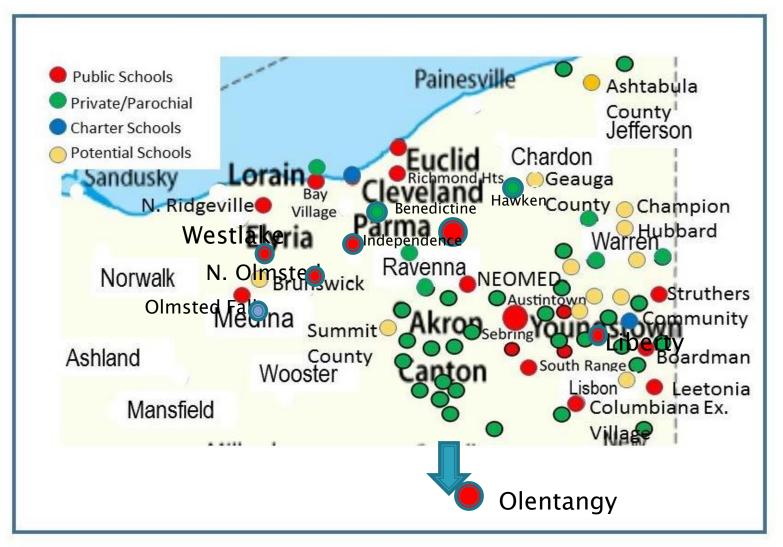
- □ 5-8 class periods per year
- ☐ Pre Test
- ☐ Post Test



Pre/Post-Test Results - Average Growth 34%



Northeast Ohio "NIDA" Schools



"Brain Power Prevention" Education

I think the winning strategy hasn't changed. It hasn't changed for 15 years. We never have adopted it. You give every kid in the United States meaningful, mandatory substance abuse education, starting in kindergarten. And by the time they reach the tenth grade, there are studies that show that 15 percent less of them will experiment with drugs.

Now, that doesn't win the ballgame, because you'll never stop everybody. But it makes a far greater dent in the ballgame than what we have done now.

The RAND Corporation has done two or three studies showing that dollars we spend on treatment and prevention give us a far greater return than dollars we spend on enforcement. The general point is that we have never adopted the strategy that a lot of people think is truly a winning strategy.



Bob Stutman is a retired special agent for the DEA.

He became Special Agent in Charge for the New York City office.

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/pages/frontline/shows/drugs/interviews/stutman.html

QUESTIONS?

COMMENTS?



Music Production and Design

Dr. Laura, Hebert, Principal and Randall Lanoue, Music Teacher, at Twinsburg High School

- Addition of a capstone project
 - Participation in a culminating capstone project, specifically the spring musical. This participation may take the form of performance, staging, costume design, sound design, lighting, marketing, stage crew, etc.



Advanced Vocal Performance Techniques

Dr. Laura Hebert and Randall Lanoue



Advanced Vocal Performance Techniques, Fall and Spring Semester

Curriculum Committee Presentation,
December 2019

Class Description

- Advanced Vocal Performance Techniques is not only a class, but a performing ensemble that will participate in local, regional, and national competitions and concerts. High-level performance techniques will be emphasized through a wide range of repertoire and genres.
- After school participation in performances and additional rehearsals are required. This course will encourage student growth in show design, stage presence, high-level vocal technique, microphone technique, and integrating all aspects of a modern staged vocal concert including technology.

Requirements

- Students are required to complete an audition and have instructor approval to enroll in this class. Outside of the school day rehearsals and performances will be scheduled and are expected.
- Students would have the option to take the class for honors credit with the Honors Advanced Vocal Performance class.
- Students would take Advanced Vocal Performance Techniques as an elective, for a fall and spring credit.

Strengths of Adding Fall and Spring Semesters

- Provides advanced students an accelerated curriculum that will result in a measurable student growth
- Provides opportunities for expert adjudication and industry connections to students pursuing a music career that is unavailable in other vocal performance outlets
- Allows students to explore the creative aspects of the vocal performance realm, a standard that is not currently met by our course offerings
- Aligns a vocal music offering to match our current offering in the instrumental classes

Social Emotional Standards

Dr. Andrea Walker, Director of Student Wellness



Social Emotional Learning

Andrea C. Walker, Ed.D. Director of Student Wellness

Objectives of Today's Meeting

- What is Social Emotional Learning?
- Why are we investing in Social Emotional Learning?



Essential Questions

Please answer the following questions:

- → Forward Thinking Our Future What qualities or characteristics do we want young people to possess by the time they graduate from high school?
- → Present Day Connect the Dots How can the entire school community be organized to ensure that all students reach the stated goals and visions we aspire they meet?

What are our Students' Lambs? Our Why...

In this segment, we will explore what Social Emotional Learning is and reasons why addressing the whole child is important.

Mary Had A Little Lamb.....

Mary had a little lamb,

Its fleece was white as snow,

And every where that Mary went

The lamb was sure to go;

He followed her to school one day—

That was against the rule,

It made the children laugh and play,

To see a lamb at school.

And so the Teacher turned him out,

But still he lingered near,

And waited patiently about,

Till Mary did appear;

Background for the Poem

In 1830, a teacher was surprised one morning to see one of her students, a girl named Mary, enter the classroom followed by her pet lamb. The lamb was far too distracting to be permitted to remain in the building and so the teacher put the lamb outside. The lamb stayed nearby till school was dismissed and then ran up to Mary looking for attention and protection.

Souce: Wikipedia

Mary Had A "Private Issue".....

Mary had a private issue,

Its fleece was white as snow,

And every where that Mary went

The private issue was sure to go;

The private issue followed her to school one day—

That was against the rule,

It made the children laugh and play,

To see a private issue at school.

How many languages do you need to know to communicate with the rest of the world?



Tip

Think of the many ways in which Mary communicated with the world around her. How did the Lamb communicate?

Two!

Verbal and Nonverbal Language.



Review the text again....

Mary had a Private Issue

How this is relatable today.

Mary Had A "Private Issue".....

Mary had a private issue,

Its fleece was white as snow, (plain sight or present as behavioral)

And every where that Mary went

The private issue was sure to go; (the issue can be persistent)

The private issue followed her to school one day— (geography did not change the issue)

That was against the rule,

It made the children laugh and play,

To see a private issue at school. (known or unknown to outsiders)

Mary Had A "Private Issue".....

And so the Teacher put the private issue out, (the issue may distract from learning)

But still the private issue lingered near, (again, geography did not change the issue)

And waited patiently about,

Till Mary did appear ;

Social and emotional learning, often abbreviated as SEL, is the process through which children and adults understand and manage emotions, set and achieve positive goals, feel and show empathy for others, establish and maintain positive relationships, and make responsible decisions.



Five (5) Core Competencies exist:

Self-awareness: Know your strengths and limitations, with a well-grounded sense of confidence, optimism, and a "growth mindset."

Self-management: Effectively manage stress, control impulses, and motivate yourself to set and achieve goals.

Social awareness: Understand the perspectives of others and empathize with them, including those from diverse backgrounds and cultures.

Relationship skills: Communicate clearly, listen well, cooperate with others, resist inappropriate social pressure, negotiate conflict constructively, and seek and offer help when needed.

Responsible decision-making: Make constructive choices about personal behavior and social interactions based on ethical standards, safety, and social norms.



Social Emotional Learning is the Coordination of:

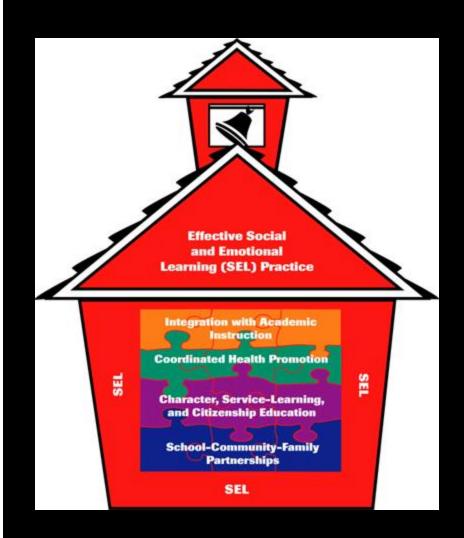
- Categorical programs
- Instructional programs and mental health services
- School and family/community interventions
- Classroom and Out of school
- Common language that bridges programs with similar goals and addresses common risk and protective factors



SEL as a coordinating framework is a lens to focus on students' social and emotional development (SED); a way to examine everything that is going on in a school; it provides a framework to: coordinate across programs, reduce duplication, improve outcomes, etc. promotion, etc.

It also means coordinating all the various prevention programs a school may already be offering. SEL can be a lens for evaluating and deciding about these various programs to eliminate duplication and more effectively provide universal programming for all students, and enhance outcomes

SE competencies can be the lens to assess and coordinate all the schools activities focused on prevention, positive youth development, health



The standards aim to develop the "whole child" by helping students build selfawareness, social awareness, selfmanagement, and relationship and responsible decision-making skills. Use of these standards is not mandatory but will serve as a voluntary resource for Ohio schools. The Ohio Department of Education will not develop or require assessments to measure students' progress in learning skills outlined in the standards. Instead, schools and districts will have flexibility in using the standards and deciding whether and how to gauge the extent to which students are demonstrating progress. The Social and Emotional Learning Standards will *not* be used for district and school accountability purposes.



Adjourn





 See you at our next regularly scheduled meeting on February 10, 2020